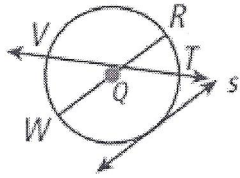


1. Identify each line or segment that intersects $\odot Q$.



Chord(s): $\overline{WR}, \overline{VT}$

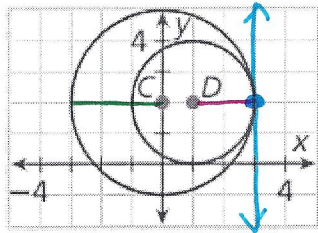
Tangent(s): $\text{line } s$

Secant(s): \overleftrightarrow{VT}

Radii: $\overline{QR}, \overline{QW}$

Diameter(s): \overline{WR}

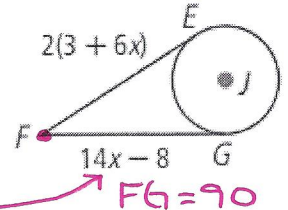
2. Find the length of each radius. Identify the point of tangency and write the equation of the tangent line at this point.



$\odot D \rightarrow r = 2$
 $\odot C \rightarrow r = 3$
PoT = (3, 2)
 $x = 3$

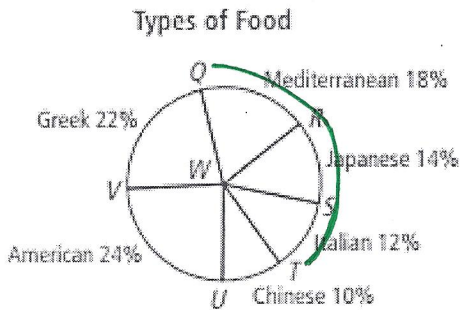
3. \overline{FE} and \overline{FG} are tangent to $\odot F$. Find FG.

$$\begin{aligned} FE &\hat{=} FG \\ 2(3+6x) &= 14x-8 \\ 6+12x &= 14x-8 \\ 14 &= 2x \\ 7 &= x \end{aligned}$$



$FG = 90$

4. The circle graph shows the types of cuisine available in a city. Find the measure of arc TRQ.



$$\frac{x}{360} = \frac{44}{100}$$

$$100x = 15840$$

$$x = 158.4^\circ$$

5. Find each measure. Give answers in terms of π and rounded to the nearest hundredth.

a) area of sector LQM

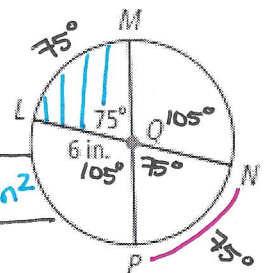
$$\text{Sector} = \frac{\text{arc}}{360} \cdot \pi r^2$$

$$= \frac{75}{360} \cdot \pi (6)^2 = \frac{15\pi}{2} \text{ or } 23.56 \text{ in}^2$$

b) length of arc NP

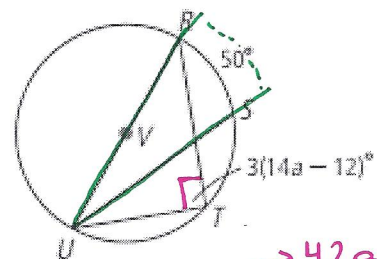
$$\text{length} = \frac{\text{arc}}{360} \cdot 2\pi r$$

$$= \frac{75}{360} \cdot 2\pi(6) = \frac{5\pi}{2} \text{ in or } 7.85 \text{ in.}$$



6. Find each measure

a) $\angle RUS = \frac{1}{2}RS = \frac{1}{2}(50) = 25^\circ$



b) a $\angle T$ is 90° bc \overline{RU} is diameter

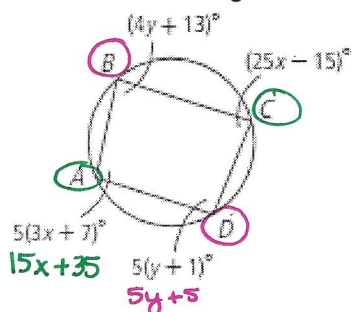
$$3(14a-12) = 90 \rightarrow 42a - 36 = 90$$

$$\begin{aligned} 42a &= 126 \\ a &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

7. The gear of a grandfather clock has a radius of 3 in. To the nearest tenth of an inch, what distance length does the gear cover when it rotates through an angle of 88° .

$$\text{length} = \frac{\text{arc}}{360} \cdot 2\pi r = \frac{88}{360} \cdot 2\pi(3) = \frac{22\pi}{15} \text{ or } \boxed{4.6 \text{ in.}}$$

8. Find the angle measure of ABCD.



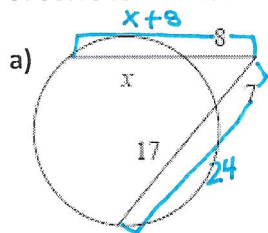
$$\begin{aligned} 4y + 13 + 5y + 5 &= 180 \\ 9y + 18 &= 180 \\ 9y &= 162 \\ y &= 18 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 25x - 15 + 15x + 35 &= 180 \\ 40x + 20 &= 180 \\ 40x &= 160 \\ x &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

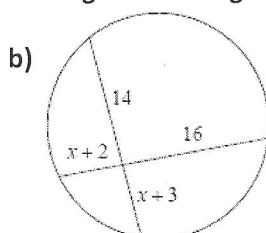
$$\boxed{\angle B = 85^\circ \quad \angle D = 95^\circ}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} \angle A &= 95^\circ \\ \angle C &= 85^\circ \end{aligned}}$$

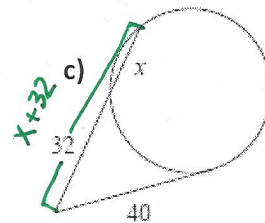
9. Solve for x. Assume all lines that appear tangent are tangent.



$$\begin{aligned} w.o &= w.o \\ (x+8)8 &= 24 \cdot 7 \\ 8x + 64 &= 168 \\ 8x &= 104 \\ \boxed{x &= 13} \end{aligned}$$

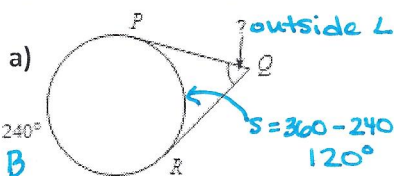


$$\begin{aligned} p1 \cdot p2 &= p1 \cdot p2 \\ (x+2)16 &= 14(x+3) \\ 16x + 32 &= 14x + 42 \\ 2x &= 10 \\ \boxed{x &= 5} \end{aligned}$$

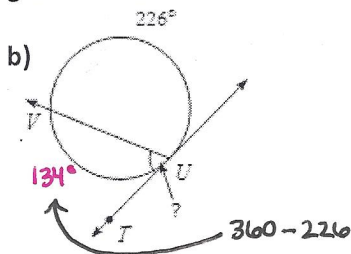


$$\begin{aligned} \tan^2 &= w.o \\ 40^2 &= (x+32)32 \\ 1600 &= 32x + 1024 \\ 576 &= 32x \\ \boxed{18 &= x} \end{aligned}$$

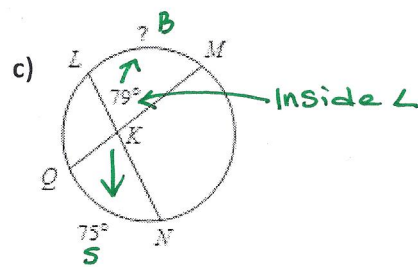
10. Find the measure of the arc or angle indicated.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{outside } \angle &= \frac{1}{2}(B - s) \\ x &= \frac{1}{2}(240 - 120) \\ \boxed{x &= 60^\circ} \end{aligned}$$

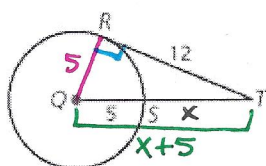


$$\begin{aligned} \angle TUV &= \frac{1}{2}(134) \\ \boxed{\angle TUV &= 67^\circ} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Inside } \angle &= \frac{1}{2}(B + s) \\ 2 \cdot 79 &= \frac{1}{2}(x + 75) \\ 158 &= x + 75 \\ \boxed{83^\circ &= x} \end{aligned}$$

11. Find ST. Assumes lines that appear tangent are tangent.



QR \perp RT so right \angle .

$$\begin{aligned} QR^2 + RT^2 &= QT^2 \\ 5^2 + 12^2 &= (x+5)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 169 &= (x+5)^2 \leftarrow \text{square root.} \\ 13 &= x+5 \\ \boxed{8 &= x} \end{aligned}$$